Crossed Roller Way

CRW/CRWM

IKO Crossed Roller Way is a linear motion rolling guide in which a roller cage is incorporated between two ways with V-shaped raceways. As the cylindrical rollers are alternately crossed, Crossed Roller Way can receive loads in any direction and can achieve very smooth linear motion with very high accuracy.

Wide variations in size are available for selections suitable for each application.



Standard type and module type

Two types are available: the standard type and the module type. In the standard type four ways and two roller cages are used as one set, while in the module type two inner ways are integrated into a single piece.



Very smooth operation

Precisely finished raceways are combined with roller cages, in which the length of super precise rollers is accurately controlled to avoid skewing. Very smooth linear motion with very little frictional resistance and free from stick-slip can be achieved.



High carbon chromium bearing steel type and stainless steel type

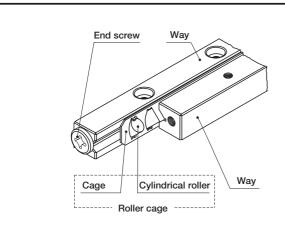
Standard types include high carbon chromium bearing steel type and stainless steel type.



Easy mounting

The mounting holes of the ways are female thread holes with a counter bore. So the mounting method is flexible, allowing the ways to be mounted either by using the female threads of the ways together with bolts inserted through the holes prepared on machines or by using the female threads prepared on machines. Mounting structure can be designed freely.

Two inner ways of module type are integrated into a single piece. The mounting structure can be made simple and, furthermore, as errors from extra machining of the mounting parts can be avoided, accuracy of linear motion can be improved.



Note: One set consists of four ways and two roller cages.

U.S. PATNET No. 4,697,935

End screw Center way

Way

Cage Cylindrical roller

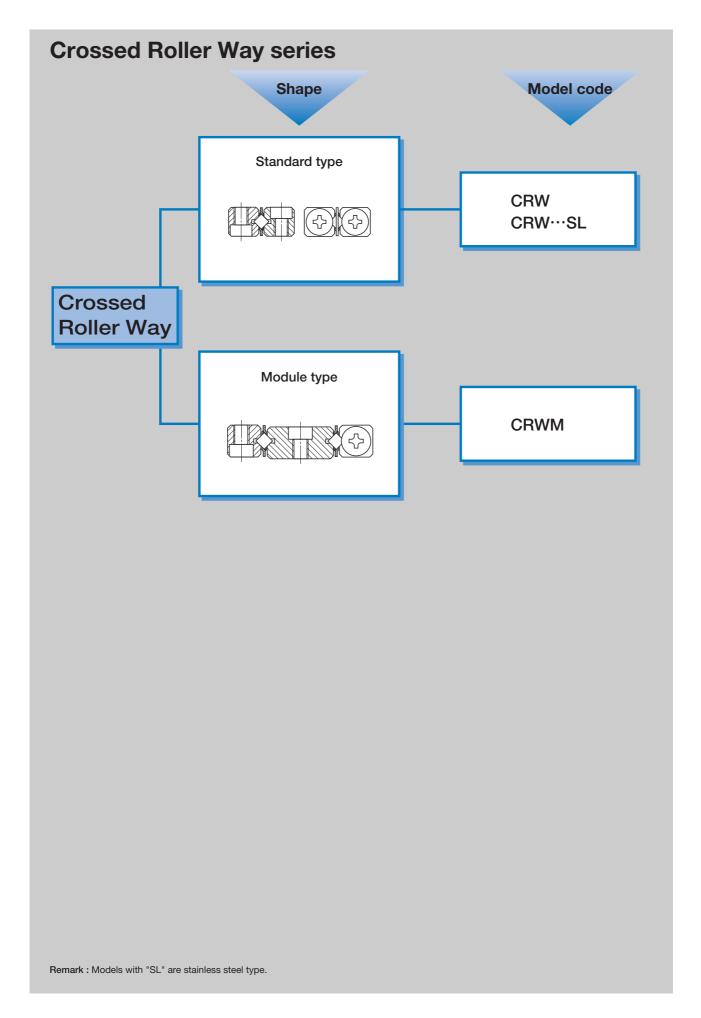
Roller cage

Note: One set consists of one center way, two ways and two roller cages.

CRW

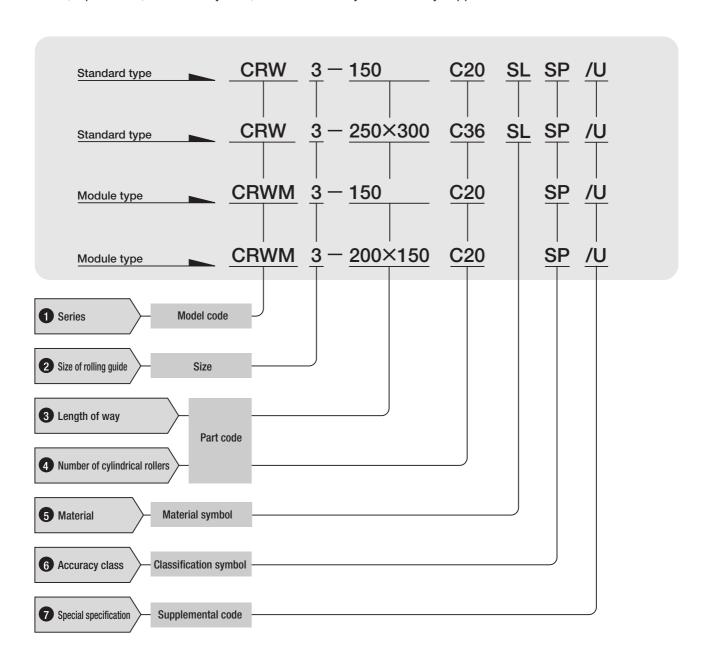
CRWM

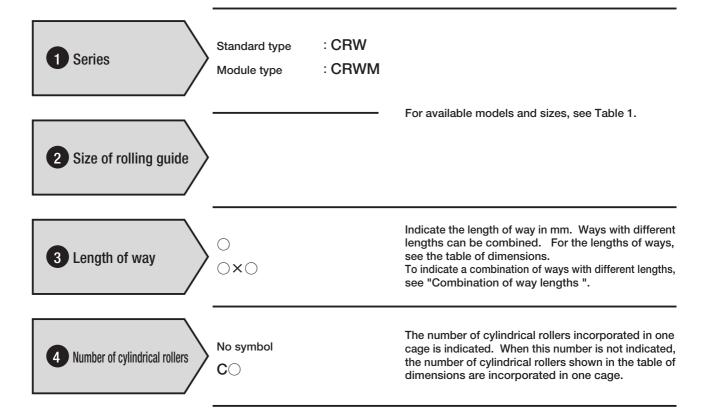
Structure of Crossed Roller Way



Identification number and specification

The specification of Crossed Roller Way is indicated by the identification number, consisting of a model code, a size, a part code, a material symbol, a classification symbol and any supplemental codes.



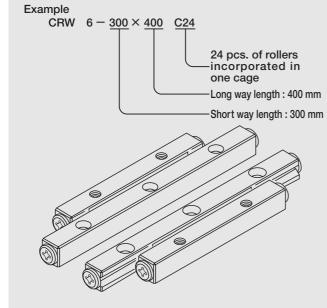


Combination of way lengths

Combination for the standard type

One set consists of two short ways and two long ways together with two roller cages.

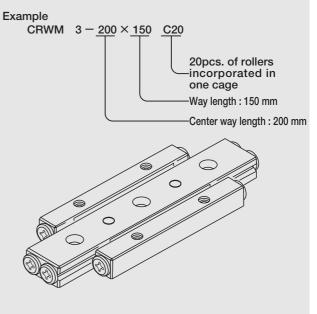
As standard, the number of rollers in one cage is the number of rollers for the shorter of the two way lengths shown in the dimension tables. If a different number of rollers is required, indicate it in the identification number.



Combination for the module type

One set consists of one center way, two ways together with two roller cages.

As standard, the number of rollers in one cage is the number of rollers for the shorter of the two way lengths shown in the dimension tables. If a different number of rollers is required, indicate it in the identification number.





5 Material

High carbon steel made : No symbol

Stainless steel made : SL

For applicable material types, see Table 1.

Table 1 Types and sizes

Туре	Standa	rd type	Module type
Size	High carbon steel made	Stainless steel made	High carbon steel made
1	0	0	0
2	0	0	0
3	0	0	0
4	0	0	0
6	0	0	_
9	0	_	_
12	0	_	_
15	0	_	_
18	0	_	_
24	0	_	_

6 Accuracy class

Standard

Super precision

: No symbol

:SP

For the allowable values of parallelism of the raceway to the reference mounting surface and of parallelism between two raceways of CRWM, see Fig. 1.

 Δ/L A Δ/L Δ/L A Δ/L A В *∆* / *L* B **CRW CRWM** 10 8 Parallelism $\Delta \mu m$ 6 SP 0 200 400 1200 600 800 1000 Way length L mm Fig. 1 Accuracy of Crossed Roller Way

7 Special specification

For applicable special specifications, see Table 2. When several special specifications are required, see Table 3.

For details of special specifications, see page E-8.

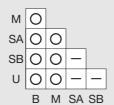
Table 2 Special specifications

0	Supplemental	Standa	Module type	
Special specification	code	High carbon steel made	Stainless steel made	High carbon steel made
Special mounting screws	В	△ (¹)	_	△ (¹)
High rigidity roller cage	М	△ (²)	△ (²)	_
End stopper SA	SA	△ (³)	△ (³)	△ (³)
End stopper SB	SB	△ (³)	△ (³)	△ (³)
Wiper seal	U	△ (³)	△ (³)	△ (³)

- Note(1): Not applicable to size 1 and 2 models.
 (2): Not applicable to size 1, 2, 3 and 4 models.
 (3): Not applicable to size 1 models.

Remark : In the table, the mark \triangle indicates that it is applicable to some sizes.

Table 3 Combinations of special specifications



Remark 1: In the table, the mark – indicates that this combination can not be made.

2: When several special specifications are required, arrange the supplemental codes alphabetically.



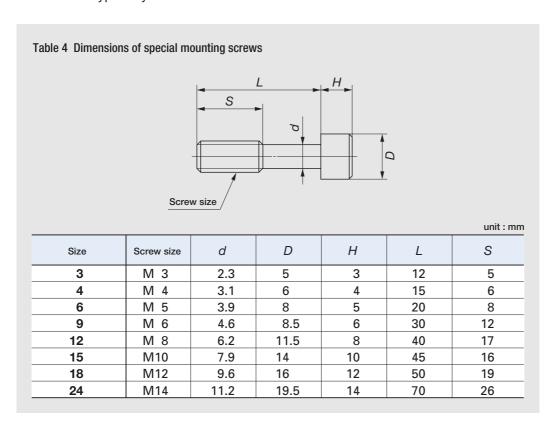
Special specifications

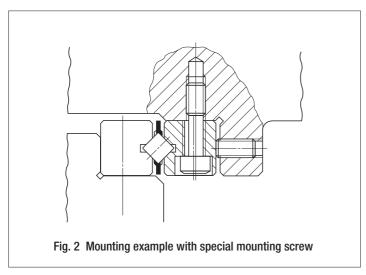
Details of special specifications of Crossed Roller Way are shown below. Indicate any specification by adding the supplemental code to the end of the identification number.

Special mounting screws /B

Since the way at the adjusting side moves when the preload is set, some clearance between the mounting screw and the mounting hole is necessary. However, if sufficient clearance can not be provided or if the mounting screw is fixed from the way side to the table as shown in Fig. 2, special mounting screws may be needed.

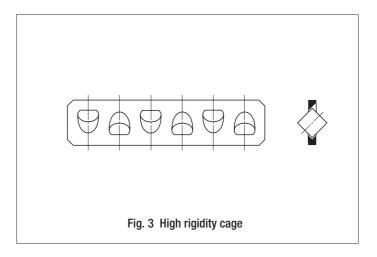
Further, if the positioning accuracy of mounting holes in table or bed are not good, special screws can also be used. The special mounting screws are delivered as appended parts upon request, but available in carbon steel type only.





High rigidity cages made of copper alloy, which are suitable for use in vertical applications, are optionally available. This cage is designed to prevent rollers from falling out in one direction. (See Fig. 3.)

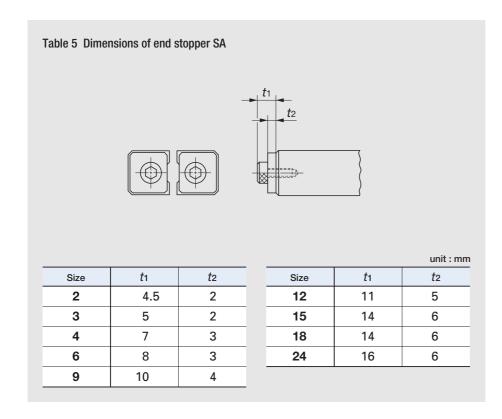
For vertical usage, it is recommended to use this cage together with the end stopper SB.



End stopper SA /SA

When the cage is stroked frequently or subjected to vibration or unevenly distributed load, the cage position may shift while in operation. It is recommended, in such cases, to replace the end screw with the end stopper SA.

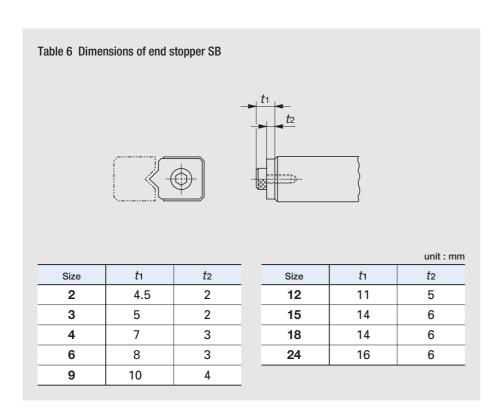
Size 1 models are assembled with stoppers similar to the SA end stopper as standard.

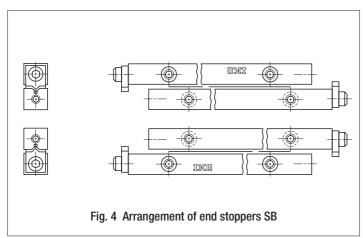


End stopper SB / SB

When the high rigidity cage is used on a vertical axis, the end screw is replaced with the end stopper SB to limit the stroking of the cage at the way end.

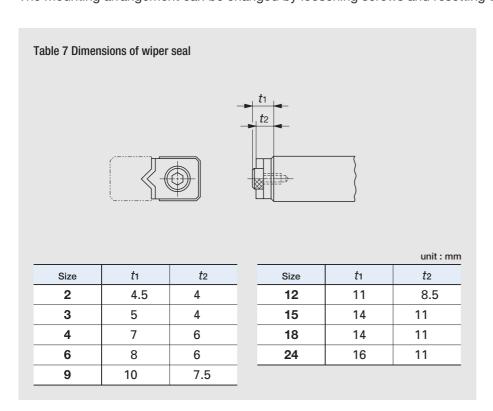
The end stopper SB can not be mounted on all ends of the ways in the assembly. Fig. 4 shows the standard mounting arrangement. The mounting arrangement can be changed by loosening screws and resetting the end stoppers.

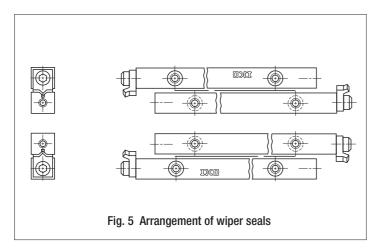




Wiper seal /u

The end screw is replaced with the wiper seal to prevent foreign particles from intruding into the raceways. The wiper seal also serves as the end stopper providing the same function as the end stopper SB. The wiper seal cannot be mounted on every way end. Fig. 5 shows the standard mounting arrangement. The mounting arrangement can be changed by loosening screws and resetting the wiper seals.





Load Rating and Allowable Load

Summarized descriptions of load ratings of Crossed Roller Way are given below. For details of load rating definitions and load calculations, see "General description".

Basic dynamic load rating C

The basic dynamic load rating is defined as the constant load both in direction and magnitude under which a group of identical Crossed Roller Ways are individually operated and 90% of the units in the group can travel 100×10^3 meters free from material damage due to rolling contact fatigue.

Basic static load rating Co

The basic static load rating is defined as the static load that gives a prescribed constant contact stress at the center of the contact area between the rolling element and raceway receiving the maximum load.

Allowable load F

The allowable load is a load under which the sum of elastic deformations of the rolling element and the raceway in the contact area subjected to the maximum contact stress is small enough to guarantee accuracy and smooth rolling movement.

Therefore, when very smooth and highly accurate linear motion is required, make sure that the applied load is well within the allowable load value.

Calculation of load ratings and allowable load

In Crossed Roller Way, the number of cylindrical rollers sharing a load differs according to the load direction. Therefore, it is necessary to obtain load ratings and allowable load for each direction.

The basic dynamic load rating C_{0} , basic static load rating C_{00} and allowable load F_{0} shown in the table of dimensions indicate values per one roller.

The basic dynamic load rating C_0 , basic static load rating C_0 and allowable load F of Crossed Roller Way are obtained from the formulae shown in Tables 8.1 and 8.2.

	Upward/downward load (1)	Lateral load							
Load condition	Load	Load							
Basic dynamic load rating C N	$C_r = \left\{ \left(\frac{Z}{2} - 1 \right) 2p \right\}^{1/36} \left(\frac{Z}{2} \right)^{3/4} C \cup \cdots (1)$	$C_a = \left\{ \left(\frac{Z}{2} - 1 \right) 2p \right\}^{1/36} \left(\frac{Z}{2} \right)^{3/4} 2^{7/9} C_U \cdots (4)$							
Basic static load rating C ₀ N	$C_{0r} = \left(\frac{Z}{2}\right) C_{0U} \cdots (2)$	$C_{0a} = 2\left(\frac{Z}{2}\right)C_{0U} \cdots (5)$							
Allowable load F N	$F_r = \left(\frac{Z}{2}\right) F_U \cdots (3)$	$F_a = 2\left(\frac{Z}{2}\right)F_U \cdots (6)$							
Meaning of symbols	$F_r = \left(\frac{Z}{2}\right) F_U \cdots (3) \qquad F_a = 2\left(\frac{Z}{2}\right) F_U \cdots (6)$ $C_r : \text{Basic dynamic load rating for upward / downward load, N}$ $C_a : \text{Basic dynamic load rating for lateral load, N}$ $C_{0a} : \text{Basic static load rating for upward / downward load, N}$ $C_{0a} : \text{Basic static load rating for lateral load, N}$ $F_r : \text{Allowable load for upward / downward load, N}$ $F_a : \text{Allowable load rating for lateral load, N}$ $Z : \text{Number of cylindrical rollers incorporated in one roller cage (Disregard any decimal for Z/2)}$ $p : \text{Pitch between cylindrical rollers, mm}$ $C_U : \text{Basic dynamic load rating per one roller, N}$ $C_{00} : \text{Basic static load rating per one roller, N}$								

	Upward/downward load	Lateral load							
Load condition	1/2Load 1/2Load Load	Load							
Basic dynamic load rating C N	$C_r = \left\{ \left(\frac{Z}{2} - 1 \right) 2p \right\}^{1/36} \left(\frac{Z}{2} \right)^{3/4} 2^{7/9} C_U \cdots (7)$	$C_a = \left\{ \left(\frac{Z}{2} - 1\right) 2p \right\}^{1/36} \left(\frac{Z}{2}\right)^{3/4} 2^{7/9} C_U \cdot (10^{-4})^{1/2}$							
Basic static load rating C ₀ N	$Cor = 2\left(\frac{Z}{2}\right)CoU \qquad (8)$	$C_{0a} = 2\left(\frac{Z}{2}\right)C_{0U} $ (11)							
Allowable load F N	$F_r = 2\left(\frac{Z}{2}\right)F_U \qquad (9)$	$F_{a} = 2\left(\frac{Z}{2}\right)F_{U} \cdots (12)$							
Meaning of symbols	Fr = 2(\frac{2}{2})FU \tag{9} Fu \tag{9} Fa = 2(\frac{2}{2})FU \tag{12} Fu \tag{12} (12) Cr : Basic dynamic load rating for upward / downward load, N Ca : Basic dynamic load rating for lateral load, N Cor : Basic static load rating for upward / downward load, N Coa : Basic static load rating for lateral load, N Fr : Allowable load for upward / downward load, N Fa : Allowable load rating for lateral load, N Z : Number of cylindrical rollers incorporated in one roller cage (Disregard any decimal for Z/2) p : Pitch between cylindrical rollers, mm Cu : Basic dynamic load rating per one roller, N Cou : Basic static load rating per one roller, N								

Selection of Specification

When selecting the specification of Crossed Roller Way, stroke length and number of rollers should be considered as well as the accuracy, load ratings and allowable load.

Stroke length and number of rollers

Stroke length of Crossed Roller Way is related to the way length and number of rollers in a roller cage, etc. Therefore, selection procedure is as follows while considering the operating stroke length and applied loads.

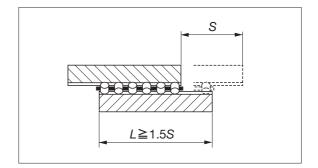
Calculation of way length

Way length is generally more than 1.5 times of operating stroke length and is obtained from the following formula.

$$L \ge 1.5S$$
(10)

where, L: Way length, mm

S: Operating stroke length, mm



2 Calculation of maximum stroke length

It is suggested that the operating stroke length is 80% or less of the maximum stroke length. The maximum stroke length is obtained from the following formula.

$$S_1 \ge \frac{1}{0.8}S$$
(11)

where, S1: Maximum stroke length, mm

S: Operating stroke length, mm

3 Calculation of cage length and number of rollers

Cage length is determined by the way length and maximum stroke length.

In calculation of cage length, the calculation method is different according to the specification of end screws, end stoppers, etc.

(1) With standard end screws or end stoppers SA (except size 1 models)

The distance between rollers at both ends in one cage is that way length minus half of maximum stroke

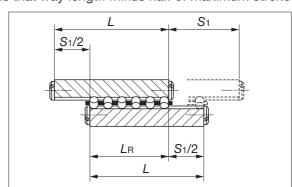
length as in the following formula.

$$L_{R} = L - \frac{S_{1}}{2}$$
(12)

where, LR: Allowable distance between rollers at both ends in one cage, mm

L: Way length, mm

S1: Maximum stroke length, mm



Number of rollers in one cage is obtained from the following formula.

$$Z = \frac{L_{R} - D_{W}}{p} + 1 \cdot \cdots \cdot (13)$$

where.

Z: Number of rollers in one cage (Disregard any decimal.)

LR: Allowable distance between rollers at both ends in one cage, mm

Dw: Roller diameter (See dimension tables.), mm

p: Roller pitch (See dimension tables.), mm

(2) In case of size 1 models

Stroke length is limited by the cage and end stoppers. The cage length is obtained from the following formula.

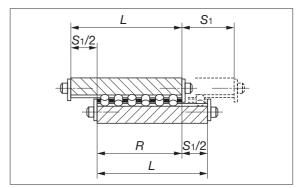
$$R = L - \frac{S_1}{2} \quad \dots \tag{14}$$

where,

R: Allowable cage length, mm

L: Way length, mm

S1: Maximum stroke length, mm



Number of rollers in one cage is obtained from the following formula.

$$Z = \frac{R-2e}{p} + 1$$
(15)

where,

Z: Number of rollers in one cage (Disregard any decimal.)

R: Allowable cage length, mm

e: End dimension of cage (See dimension tables.), mm

p: Roller pitch (See dimension tables.), mm

(3) With end stoppers SB or wiper seals

Stroke length is limited by the cage and end stoppers or wiper seals. The cage length is obtained from the following formula.

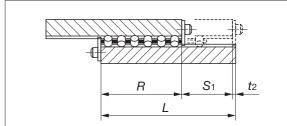
$$R = L - t_2 - S_1$$
(16)

where,

R: Allowable cage length, mm

L: Way length, mm

S1: Maximum stroke length, mm t2: Thickness of end stopper SB or wiper seal, mm (See Table 6 on page E-10 or Table 7 on page E-11.)



The number of rollers in a roller cage is obtained from formula (15) in the same way as size 1 models.

Calculation example

Model······ CRW 6

Applied load···· P = 7000 NStroke length···· S = 195 mm

For parallel use of Crossed Roller Ways under the above specified conditions (See Fig. 12 on page E-21.), select the suitable specification.

Calculation of way length

From formula (10), way length L is;

$$L \ge 1.5S = 1.5 \times 195 = 292.5$$

Therefore, standard way length L = 300 mm is selected from dimension tables.

2 Calculation of maximum stroke length

From formula (11), maximum stroke length S1 is;

$$S_1 \ge \frac{1}{0.8}S = \frac{1}{0.8} \times 195 = 244$$

From formula (12), allowable distance between rollers at both ends in one cage LR is;

$$L_R = L - \frac{S_1}{2} = 300 - \frac{244}{2} = 178$$

3 Calculation of number of rollers

From formula (13), number of rollers in one cage is; (Dw = 6 mm and p = 9 mm from dimension tables)

$$Z = \frac{L_R - D_W}{p} + 1 = \frac{178 - 6}{9} + 1 = 20.1$$

Therefore, number of rollers Z = 20 in one cage is obtained by disregarding any decimal.

Calculation of allowable load

From formula (9) in Table 8.2 on page E-13, allowable load F in parallel usage is; (allowable load per one roller FU = 764 N from dimension tables)

$$F = 2\left(\frac{Z}{2}\right)F \cup = 2\left(\frac{20}{2}\right) \times 769 = 15380$$

In the calculation result, the allowable load F is larger than the applied load P = 7000 N. Therefore, this model can be used within the allowable load. If the applied load exceeds the calculated allowable load, it is necessary to consider increasing the way length and number of rollers, or to select a model with larger diameter rollers.

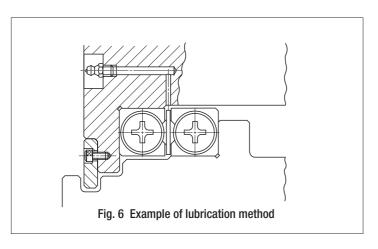
5 Determination of specification

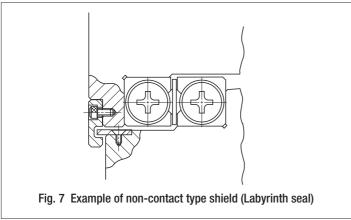
As a result of the above calculations, CRW 6-300 with 20 rollers is suitable. The selected model number is CRW 6-300 C20.

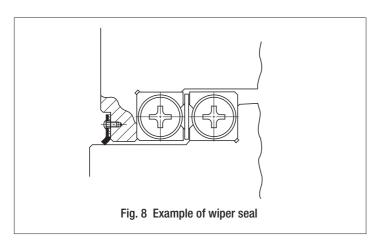
Lubrication and Dust Protection

Oil or grease is used as a lubricant for Crossed Roller Way. Oil is generally used for high speed or low friction operation. On the other hand, grease is used when operating speed is low. In case of grease lubrication, a good quality lithium-soap base grease is recommended. When operation speed is low and load is light, coat the raceways with grease before use and relubricate periodically. Structure shown in Fig. 6 makes the relubrication easy.

Crossed Roller Ways are finished very accurately. However, if dust or foreign particles intrude, life and accuracy will be adversely affected. In order to prevent the intrusion of dust, dirt, water, etc., it is recommended to use non-contact type shields (labyrinth seal) as shown in Fig. 7 or contact type wiper seals shown in Fig.8 at the outside of installed unit.







Precautions for Use

Specification of Crossed Roller Way

Check whether the specification of selected Crossed Roller Way meets the requirements for the application of the machine or equipment.

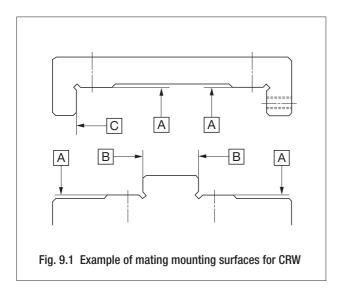
2 Handling of Crossed Roller Way

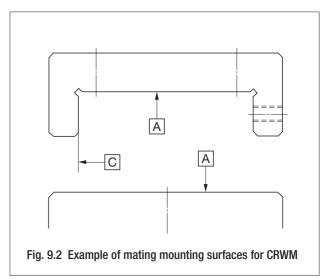
Crossed Roller Way is a high precision product, so handle it with care. The cage can be modified by cutting it to the required cage length. When cutting, do not deform the cage.

3 Accuracy of mating mounting surfaces

The general configurations of mating mounting surfaces for CRW and CRWM are shown in Figs. 9.1 and 9.2, respectively.

Accuracy of the mating mounting surfaces is, in general, as shown in Table 9. The accuracy of mating mounting surfaces directly affects the operating accuracy and performance of Crossed Roller Way. If very high operating accuracy is required, higher accuracy of mating mounting surfaces than the values shown in Table 9 may be needed.



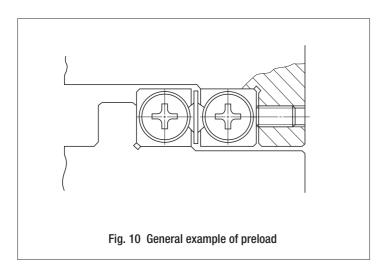


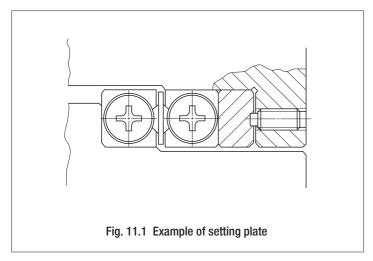
A surface	This accuracy directly affects the operating accuracy. Flatness of A surface (four places) should be equal or nearly equal to the value of parallelism in Fig. 1 on page E-6.
B and C surfaces	 Flatness Flatness of these surfaces directly affects preload. The value of flatness should be equal or nearly equal to the value of parallelism in Fig. 1 on page E-6. Squareness Squareness to A surface affects the rigidity of assembled unit in the preload direction. Consequently, a high accuracy finish is necessary.

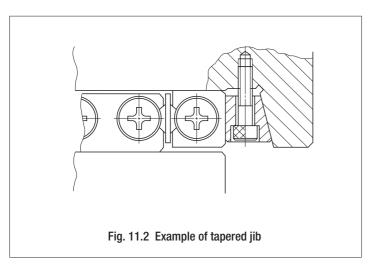
4 Preload method

Preload adjusting screws are generally used for setting preload, as shown in Fig. 10. The size of the preload adjusting screws are the same as that of the mounting screws for the ways. The position of the preload adjusting screws is at the same position as the mounting screws of the ways. For centering, use half of way height H.

Preload amounts differ according to the application of machine or equipment. Excessive preloads deteriorate life and often damage the raceways. Therefore, zero or minimal preload is recommended in general. If accuracy and rigidity are important, a setting plate as shown in Fig. 11.1 or a tapered jib as shown in Fig. 11.2 may be used.









5 Crossed Roller Way does not contain synthetic resin parts and can be operated at high temperatures. But, when the temperature exceeds 100°C, consult **IKU**.

6 The operating speed of Crossed Roller Way should not exceed 30 m/min.

7 Tightening torque of mounting screws

Tightening torque of mounting screws is shown in Table 10. If vibration or shock is large, or moment load is applied, it is recommended to tighten the screws to about 1.3 times the values shown in Table 10. If vibration and shock are not present and high operating accuracy is needed, a lower tightening torque than the values shown in Table 10 is suggested. In this case, adhesive or lock-screws may be used to prevent any subsequent loosening of the mounting screws.

Table 10 Tightening torque of screws

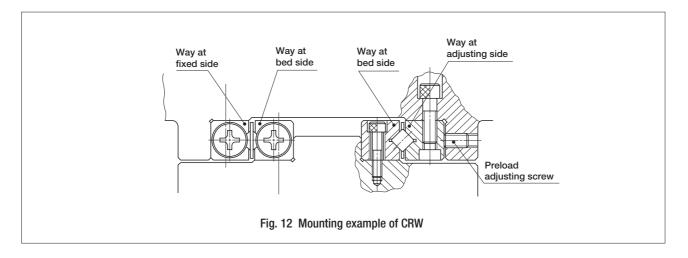
Screw size	Tightening torque N∙m
M 2×0.4	0.23
M 3×0.5	1.4
M 4×0.7	3.2
M 5×0.8	6.3
M 6×1	10.7
M 8×1.25	25.6
M10×1.5	50.1
M12×1.75	86.5
M14×2	137
M16×2	211

Remark: If the screw sizes on table side and bed side are different, use the tightening torque of the smaller screw size for both screws.

Mounting

Mounting of CRW

A general method for mounting CRW is shown in Fig. 12. The general procedure is as follows.

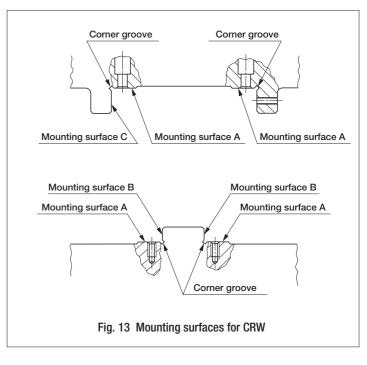


Preparation for mounting

- CRW is delivered as an individual package containing four ways and two roller cages.
 The ways in each package are not interchangeable with ways in other packages, so do not mix them.
- Separate the end screws or end stoppers and wash the ways with a clean cleaning agent. After cleaning, apply rust preventive oil or lubricating oil.

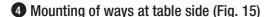
2 Cleaning of mounting surfaces of table and bed

- Remove burrs and blemishes from mounting surfaces of table and bed with an oil-stone, etc. During this process, also pay attention to the corner grooves of the mounting surfaces.
- Wipe off dust with clean cloth and apply rust preventive oil or lubricating oil.



3 Mounting of ways at bed side (Fig. 14)

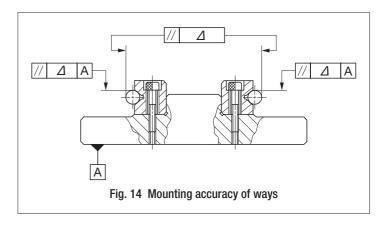
- After fitting the mounting surfaces of ways onto the mating mounting surfaces of bed, temporarily tighten the mounting screws with uniform tightening torque.
- After closely fitting the ways to B surfaces (See Fig. 13.), tighten the mounting screws uniformly to the prescribed tightening torque.
- If high accuracy is required, tighten the mounting screws uniformly to the prescribed tightening torque while checking the parallelism of the two ways along the overall way length.
- General tightening torque of mounting screws is shown in Table 10 on page E-20.

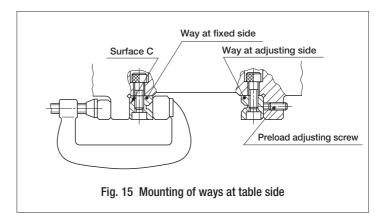


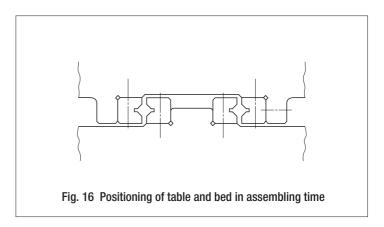
- After fitting the mounting surfaces of the way at the fixed side to the mating mounting surfaces of table, temporarily tighten the mounting screws at the fixed side with uniform tightening torque.
- After closely fitting the way at the fixed side to C surface, tighten the mounting screws at the fixed side uniformly to the prescribed tightening torque.
- Loosen the preload adjusting screws and temporarily tighten the mounting screws of the way at adjusting side with uniform and light tightening torque.

5 Assembling of table and bed (Fig. 16)

- Adjust the positions of table and bed in height and width directions in order to insert roller cages between the ways at table side and bed side.
- Insert the roller cages gradually and gently until the cages position roughly at the center of way length. In this process, do not deform the cages.
- Assemble end screws or end stoppers.
- Push the table to the preload adjusting side, and temporarily tighten the preload adjusting screws until the clearance at raceways is near zero.
- Gently stroke the table its full stroke length to position the roller cage at the center of the stroke.

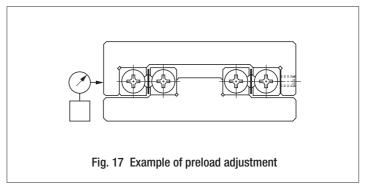






6 Preload adjustment (Fig. 17)

- Preload adjustment is done only when mounting screws for the way at the adjusting side are temporarily tightened.
- Preload adjustment is started from the adjusting screw at the center of the way length, proceeding alternately to the left and right.
- While checking the clearance (deflection) at the side face of table, tighten each adjusting screw lightly to a uniform



amount, then repeat the same process applying a higher tightening torque until a dial gauge indicates zero-clearance (no more change in deflection). Record the tightening torque of the adjusting screws at zero-clearance.

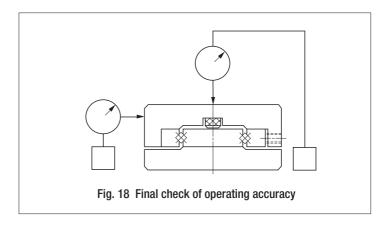
- When adjusting the screws close to the end of the way, gradually stroke the table and ensure that the roller cage is positioned at the adjusting screw.
- Using the above process, the internal clearance becomes zero or minimal preload, but the preload amount is not uniform along the way length. Therefore, repeat the same process and tighten all adjusting screws uniformly to the recorded tightening torque.

7 Final fixing of way at adjusting side

- The mounting screws have been tightened lightly to a uniform torque. Similar to the adjustment of the preload adjusting screws, temporarily tighten the mounting screws at the adjusting side to a slightly lower tightening torque than the prescribed value. Start from the center screw of the way length and proceed alternately to the left and right.
- When tightening the mounting screws close to the end of the way, gradually stroke the table and ensure that the roller cage is positioned at the mounting screw.
- Finally, tighten all mounting screws at the adjusting side uniformly to the prescribed torque similar to the adjustment of the preload adjusting screws.

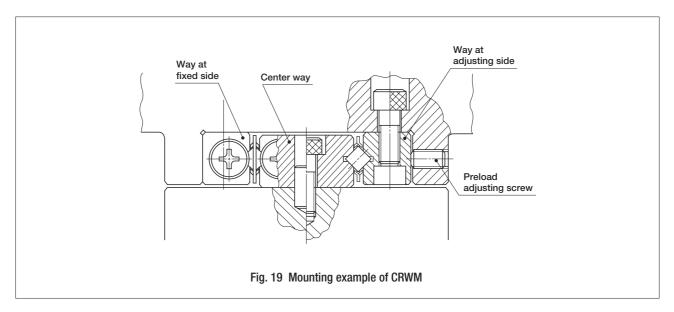
8 Final check (Fig. 18)

- Stroke the table gradually its full stroke length, ensuring that the stroke is smooth and quiet.
- Check the operating accuracy by measuring the upper and side faces of table with a dial gauge.



Mounting of CRWM

A general mounting example of CRWM is shown in Fig. 19. The general mounting procedure is as follows.



Preparation for mounting

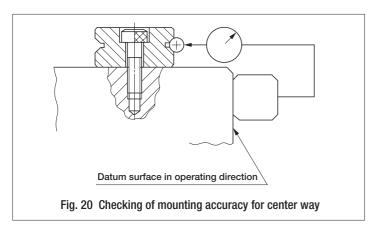
- CRWM is delivered as an individual package containing one center way, two side ways and two roller cages. The ways in each package are not interchangeable with ways in other packages, so do not mix them.
- Separate the end screws or end stoppers and wash the ways with a clean cleaning agent. After cleaning, apply rust preventive oil or lubricating oil.

2 Cleaning of mounting surfaces on table and bed

• Use the same procedure as that for CRW.

3 Mounting of center way (Fig. 20)

- Roughly position the center way to the mounting surface of bed and lightly tighten the mounting screws.
- Temporarily tighten the mounting screws with uniform tightening torque while adjusting the position of the center way by checking the parallelism between the datum surface in the operating direction and the raceways of the center way with a dial gauge.
- Finally, tighten all mounting screws uniformly to the prescribed torque.



4 Drilling for dowel pin hole (Fig. 21)

- If dowel pins are needed to fix the center way to the bed, drill holes to the bed through the dowel pin holes of the center way while assembling the center way on the bed and locating the drill tool to dowel pin holes near the way ends. The holes for dowel pins in the center way are manufactured to H7 tolerance. Therefore, the holes in bed should have the same tolerance.
- Hole diameters and their tolerances are shown in the dimension tables.
- Remove any drilling chips and, if necessary, wash again the table assembly. If the table assembly of the machine is large, first disassemble the center way. Then wash the table and the center way individually before re-assembly.
- Insert dowel pins and check the parallelism between the datum surface in the operating direction and the raceways of the center way.

5 Mounting of way at table side

• Use the same procedure as that for CRW.

6 Assembling of table and bed

• Use the same procedure as that for CRW.

Preload adjustment

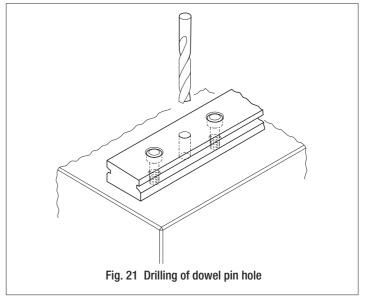
• Use the same procedure as that for CRW.

8 Final fixing of way at adjusting side

• Use the same procedure as that for CRW.

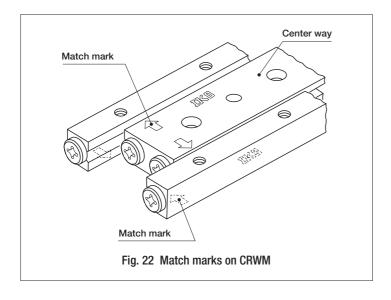
9 Final check

• Use the same procedure as that for CRW.

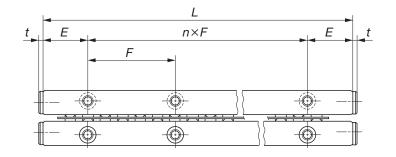


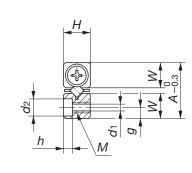
Match marks of CRWM

Ways of CRWM have match marks so that they can be assembled with the best operating results. When assembling ways, the match marks on the way end should be positioned at the same end as shown in Fig. 22.









	Mass							
Model number	(1)			Во	I	Dimensions of roller cage		
	Way(1) kg/m	Roller cage(2)	Α	н	L (n×F)	E	D w	R
CRW 1- 20					00 (4)(40)			40.5
CRW 1- 20 SL			8.5		20 (1×10)			16.5
CRW 1- 30					30 (2×10)	5	1.5	05.5
CRW 1- 30 SL					30 (2×10)			25.5
CRW 1- 40					40 (3×10) 50 (4×10)			31.5
CRW 1- 40 SL								31.5
CRW 1- 50	0.12			4				37.5
CRW 1- 50 SL	0.12	0.38		4				37.5
CRW 1- 60					60 (5×10)			43.5
CRW 1- 60 SL					60 (5×10)			43.5
CRW 1- 70					70 (6×10)			52.5
CRW 1- 70 SL					70 (6 > 10)			52.5
CRW 1- 80					90 (7×10)			61.5
CRW 1- 80 SL					80 (7×10)			01.5

Note(1): This value shows mass per one meter for individual way.

(2): This value shows mass of one roller cage in which ten rollers are incorporated.

(3): This value shows load per one roller.

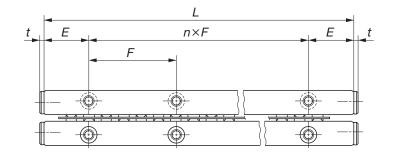
			R
_	e	р	Z(Number of rollers)
	_		
	$\left[\left\langle \right\rangle$) (300000000)

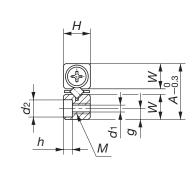


	Nomir	nal dimer mm	nsions		Basic dynamic load rating	Basic static load rating	Allowable load					
					Mount	ing dime	nsions			C∪(³)	Cou(3)	F ∪(³)
Z	р	е	W	g	М	d ₁	d ₂	h	t	N	N	N
5												
8												
10												
12	3	2.25	3.9	1.8	M2	1.65	3	1.4	1.7	125	120	39.8
14												
17												
20												









	Mass							
Model number	M/1)	D-II(2)		Во	ı	Dimensions of roller cage		
	Way(1) kg/m	Roller cage (2)	Α	Н	L(n×F)	E	<i>D</i> w	R
CRW 2- 30	Kg/III	9						
CRW 2- 30 SL					30 (1×15)			29.6
CRW 2- 45				6	, ,			
CRW 2- 45 SL					45 (2×15)			41.6
CRW 2- 60					00 (0)(45)			
CRW 2- 60 SL					60 (3×15)	7.5	2	53.6
CRW 2- 75	0.24	0.98			75 (4×15) 90 (5×15) 105 (6×15) 120 (7×15)			65.6
CRW 2- 75 SL								05.0
CRW 2- 90			12					77.6
CRW 2- 90 SL								
CRW 2-105								89.6
CRW 2-105 SL		0.00						
CRW 2-120								101.6
CRW 2-120 SL								
CRW 2-135					135 (8×15)			113.6
CRW 2-135 SL								
CRW 2-150					150 (9×15)			125.6
CRW 2-150 SL								
CRW 2-165					165 (10×15)			137.6
CRW 2-165 SL								
CRW 2-180					180 (11×15)			149.6
CRW 2-180 SL								

e p Z(Number of rollers	
)
	<u>.</u>



		Nomir	nal dimer mm	nsions		Basic dynamic load rating	Basic static load rating	Allowable load						
							ing dime				C∪(³)	Cou(3)	<i>F</i> ∪(³)	
ı	Z	р	е	W	g	М	d1	d ₂	h	t	N	N	N	
	7													
_	10													
_	13													
_	16													
	19													
_	22	4	2.8	5.5	2.5	M3	2.55	4.4	2	1.5	293	294	97.9	
	25													
_	28													
	31													
_	34													
	37													

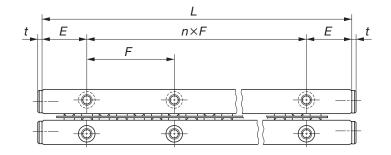
Note(1): This value shows mass per one meter for individual way.

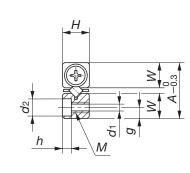
(2): This value shows mass of one roller cage in which ten rollers are incorporated.

(3): This value shows load per one roller.









	Mass												
Model number		l D II (0)		1	Boundary dimensions	ı	Dimensio	ns of roller cage					
	Way(1)	Roller cage (2)	Α	Н	L(n×F)	E	<i>D</i> w	R					
CRW 3- 50	kg/m	g											
CRW 3- 50 SL					50 (1×25)			42					
CRW 3- 75													
CRW 3- 75 SL					75 (2×25)			62					
CRW 3-100													
CRW 3-100 SL					100 (3×25)			82					
CRW 3-125					105 (4×05)			100					
CRW 3-125 SL					125 (4×25)			102					
CRW 3-150			150 (5×25)			122							
CRW 3-150 SL					122								
CRW 3-175	0.50		12.5	3	142								
CRW 3-175 SL	0.50	2.50	10	0 0 175 (0~25)	12.5	3	172						
CRW 3-200			200 (7×25)			162							
CRW 3-200 SL					200 (77.20)								
CRW 3-225					225 (8×25)			182					
CRW 3-225 SL					223 (3.123)								
CRW 3-250					250 (9×25)			202					
CRW 3-250 SL													
CRW 3-275					275 (10×25)			222					
CRW 3-275 SL					,								
CRW 3-300					300 (11×25)			242					
CRW 3-300 SL					200 (111120)								

Z(Number of rollers)



		Nomir	nal dimer mm	nsions							Basic dynamic load rating	Basic static load rating	Allowable load	
							ing dime				C∪(³)	Cou(3)	<i>F</i> ∪(³)	
	Z	р	е	W	g	М	d1	d ₂	h	t	N	N	N	
	8													
	12													
	16													
-	20													
	24													
-	28	5	3.5	8.3	3.5	M4	3.3	6	3.1	2	638	609	203	
	32													
	36													
	40													
	44													
	48													

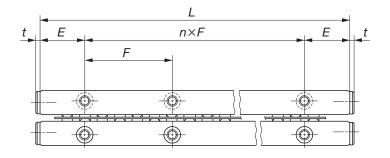
Note(1): This value shows mass per one meter for individual way.

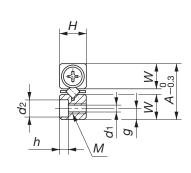
(2): This value shows mass of one roller cage in which ten rollers are incorporated.

(3): This value shows load per one roller.









	Mass								
Model number	Way(1)	Roller cage (2)		I	Boundary dimensions	I	Dimensions of roller cage		
	kg/m	g	Α	Н	L (n×F)	E	<i>D</i> w	R	
CRW 4- 80					80 (1×40)			73	
CRW 4- 80 SL					80 (1 / 40)			/3	
CRW 4-120					120 (2×40)			101	
CRW 4-120 SL					120 (2/40)			101	
CRW 4-160					160 (3×40)			136	
CRW 4-160 SL									
CRW 4-200					200 (4×40)			164	
CRW 4-200 SL									
CRW 4-240		240 (5×40)			199				
CRW 4-240 SL									
CRW 4-280	0.82	6.91 22 11 280 (6×40)	20	4	227				
CRW 4-280 SL			320 (7×40)						
CRW 4-320						262			
CRW 4-320 SL									
CRW 4-360					360 (8×40)			297	
CRW 4-360 SL									
CRW 4-400					400 (9×40)			325	
CRW 4-400 SL									
CRW 4-440					440 (10×40)			360	
CRW 4-440 SL									
CRW 4-480					480 (11×40)			388	
CRW 4-480 SL									

l -	R
e p	Z(Number of rollers)

Nominal dimensions

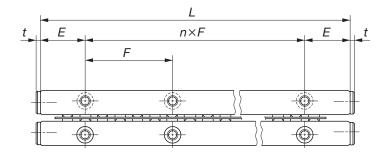


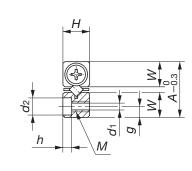
Basic dynamic Basic static Allowable load

	Norm	mm	1310113							load rating	load rating	7 iii o ii aad
	1				Mount	ing dime	nsions			Cu(3)	Cou(3)	<i>F</i> ∪(³)
Z	р	е	W	g	М	d ₁	d2	h	t	N	N	N
10												
14												
19												
23												
28												
32	7	5	10	4.5	M5	4.3	7.5	4.1	2	1 230	1 180	392
37												
42												
46												
51												
55												

Note(1): This value shows mass per one meter for individual way.

^{(2):} This value shows mass of one roller cage in which ten rollers are incorporated.
(3): This value shows load per one roller.





	Mass							
Model number	Way(1)	Roller cage(2)		ı	Boundary dimensions	ı	Dimensio	ns of roller cage
	kg/m	g	A	Н	L(n×F)	E	D w	R
CRW 6-100	Ng/III	9						
CRW 6-100 SL					100 (1×50)			84
CRW 6-150								
CRW 6-150 SL					150 (2×50)			129
CRW 6-200					200 (3×50)			165
CRW 6-200 SL					200 (3×50)			105
CRW 6-250					250 (4×50)			210
CRW 6-250 SL					230 (4/30)			210
CRW 6-300		300 (5×50)			246			
CRW 6-300 SL								
CRW 6-350	1.57	20.3	20.3 31 15 350 (6×50) 25	25	6	282		
CRW 6-350 SL					400 (7×50)			
CRW 6-400								327
CRW 6-400 SL								
CRW 6-450					450 (8×50)			363
CRW 6-450 SL								
CRW 6-500					500 (9×50)			408
CRW 6-500 SL								
CRW 6-550					550 (10×50)			444
CRW 6-550 SL					-			
CRW 6-600					600 (11×50)			489
CRW 6-600 SL					,			

l -	R
e p	Z(Number of rollers)
22 22	
-1696	



	Nomi	nal dimer mm	nsions							Basic dynamic load rating	Basic static load rating	Allowable load
						ing dime			C∪(³)	Cou(3)	<i>F</i> ∪(³)	
Z	р	е	W	g	М	d ₁	d2	h	t	N	N	N
9												
14												
18												
23												
27												
31	9	6	14	. 6	M6	5.3	9.5	5.2	3	2 570	2 310	769
36												
40	-											
45												
49												
54												

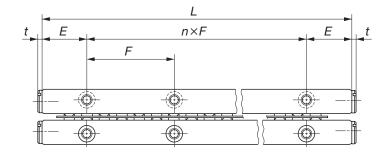
Note(1): This value shows mass per one meter for individual way.

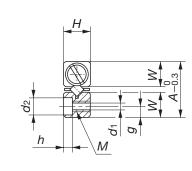
(2): This value shows mass of one roller cage in which ten rollers are incorporated.

(3): This value shows load per one roller.









	Mass	(Ref.)						
Model number	Way(¹)	Roller cage (2)		1	Boundary dimensions	l	Dimensions of roller cag	
	kg/m	g	Α	Н	L (n×F)	E	Dw	R
CRW 9- 200					200 (1×100)			173
CRW 9- 300					300 (2×100)	50		257
CRW 9- 400				22	400 (3×100)			327
CRW 9- 500					500 (4×100)			411
CRW 9- 600					600 (5×100)		9	495
CRW 9- 700	3.3	64.8	44		700 (6×100)			565
CRW 9- 800					800 (7×100)			649
CRW 9- 900					900 (8×100)			733
CRW 9-1000					1 000 (9×100)			817
CRW 9-1100					1 100 (10×100)			887
CRW 9-1200					1 200 (11×100)			971
CRW 12- 200					200 (1×100)	-		168
CRW 12- 300					300 (2×100)			258
CRW 12- 400					400 (3×100)			330
CRW 12- 500					500 (4×100)			420
CRW 12- 600					600 (5×100)			492
CRW 12- 700	5.57	146	58	28	700 (6×100)	50	12	564
CRW 12- 800					800 (7×100)			654
CRW 12- 900					900 (8×100)			726
CRW 12-1000					1 000 (9×100)			816
CRW 12-1100					1 100 (10×100)			888
CRW 12-1200					1 200 (11×100)			978

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_	е	р	Z(Number of rollers)
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	Nomir	nal dimei mm	nsions							Basic dynamic load rating	Basic static load rating	Allowable load
						ing dime				Cu(3)	Cou(3)	<i>F</i> ∪(³)
Z	р	е	W	g	М	d1	d2	h	t	N	N	N
12												
18												
23												
29												
35												
40	14	9.5	20.2	9	M 8	6.8	10.5	6.2	3	7 190	6 600	2 200
46												
52												
58												
63												
69												
9												
14												
18												
23												
27	_											
31	18	12	26.9	12	M10	8.5	13.5	8.2	3	14 700	13 600	4 540
36												
40												
45	_											
49												
54												

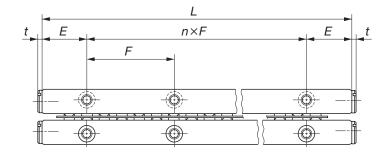
Note(1): This value shows mass per one meter for individual way.

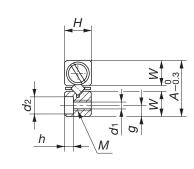
(2): This value shows mass per one roller cage in which ten rollers are incorporated.

(3): This value shows load per one roller.









	Mass	(Ref.)						
Model number	Wov/1)	Roller cage(2)		1	Boundary dimensions	ı	Dimensio	ns of roller cage
	Way(1) kg/m	g g	Α	н	L (n×F)	E	<i>D</i> w	R
CRW 15- 300	Kg/III				300 (2×100)			261
					400 (3×100)			330
CRW 15- 400								
CRW 15- 500					500 (4×100)	_		422
CRW 15- 600					600 (5×100)			491
CRW 15- 700	8.75	273	71	36	700 (6×100)	50	15	583
CRW 15- 800	0.75	2/3	/ 1	30	800 (7×100)	50	15	652
CRW 15- 900					900 (8×100)			744
CRW 15-1000					1 000 (9×100)			813
CRW 15-1100					1 100 (10×100)			905
CRW 15-1200					1 200 (11×100)			974
CRW 18- 300					300 (2×100)			262
CRW 18- 400					400 (3×100)			346
CRW 18- 500					500 (4×100)			430
CRW 18- 600					600 (5×100)			514
CRW 18- 700	11.3	447	83	40	700 (6×100)	50	18	570
CRW 18- 800	11.3	447	03	40	800 (7×100)	50	10	654
CRW 18- 900					900 (8×100)			738
CRW 18-1000					1 000 (9×100)			822
CRW 18-1100					1 100 (10×100)			906
CRW 18-1200					1 200 (11×100)			990

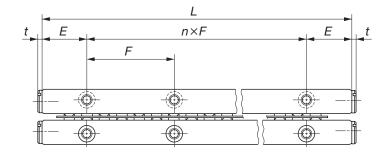
ote(1): This value shows mass per one meter	er for individual way.
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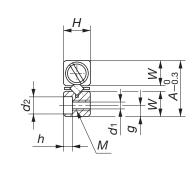
(2): This value shows mass of one roller cage in which ten rollers are incorporated.
(3): This value shows load per one roller.

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e __ p	Z(Number of rollers)
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Nomir	nal dimer mm	nsions								Basic dynamic load rating	Basic static load rating	Allowable load
					Mount	ing dime	nsions			C∪(³)	Cou(3)	<i>F</i> ∪(³)
Z	р	е	W	g	М	d1	d2	h	t	N	N	N
11												
14												
18												
21												
25	23	15.5	33	14	M12	10.5	16.5	10.2	5	23 800	21 900	7 300
28	20	15.5	33	14	IVITZ	10.5	10.5	10.2	3	23 000	21 300	7 300
32												
35												
39												
42												
9												
12												
15												
18												
20	28	19	38.5	18	M14	12.5	18.5	12.2	5	35 800	32 700	10 900
23												
26												
29												
32												
35												



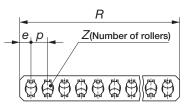


	Mass								
Model number	Way(¹) kg/m	Roller cage(²)	Α	н	Boundary dimensions $L(n \times F)$	E	Dimensio	ns of roller cage	
CRW 24- 400					400 (3×100)			336	
CRW 24- 500					500 (4×100)		24	408	
CRW 24- 600					600 (5×100)			516	
CRW 24- 700		1 060		55	700 (6×100)	50		588	
CRW 24- 800	20.6		110		800 (7×100)			660	
CRW 24- 900					900 (8×100)			732	
CRW 24-1000					1 000 (9×100)			840	
CRW 24-1100					1 100 (10×100)			912	
CRW 24-1200					1 200 (11×100)			984	

Note(1): This value shows mass per one meter for individual way.

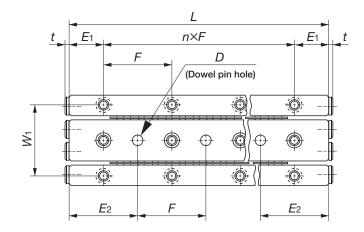
(2): This value shows mass of one roller cage in which ten rollers are incorporated.

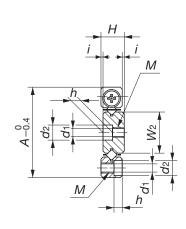
(3): This value shows load per one roller.





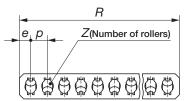
Ī	Nomir	nal dimei mm	nsions								Basic dynamic load rating	Basic static load rating	Allowable load
		F	1		ı	Mount	ing dime	ensions	ı	ı	C∪(³)	Cou(3)	<i>F</i> ∪(³)
	Z	р	е	W	g	М	d ₁	d2	h	t			
											N	N	N
_	9												
	11												
	14												
	16												
	18	36	24	51.5	24	M16	14.5	22.5	14.2	5	69 600	63 500	21 200
	20												
	23												
	25												
	27												





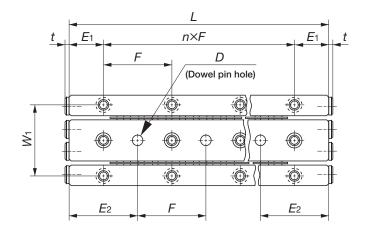
	Mass	(Ref.)							
Model number	Wov/1)	Roller cage(²)			Boundary dimensions	ı	Dimens	ions of roller cage	
	Way(1) kg/m	g	Α	Н	L(n×F)	i	<i>D</i> w	R	Z
CRWM 1- 20	g,				20 (1×10)			16.5	5
CRWM 1- 30					30 (2×10)			25.5	8
CRWM 1- 40				4.5	40 (3×10)	0.5	1.5	31.5	10
CRWM 1- 50	0.49	0.38	17		50 (4×10)			37.5	12
CRWM 1- 60					60 (5×10)			43.5	14
CRWM 1- 70					70 (6×10)			52.5	17
CRWM 1- 80					80 (7×10)			61.5	20
CRWM 2- 30					30 (1×15)			29.6	7
CRWM 2- 45					45 (2×15)			41.6	10
CRWM 2- 60					60 (3×15)			53.6	13
CRWM 2- 75					75 (4×15)			65.6	16
CRWM 2- 90					90 (5×15)			77.6	19
CRWM 2-105	0.99	0.98	24	6.5	105 (6×15)	0.5	2	89.6	22
CRWM 2-120					120 (7×15)			101.6	25
CRWM 2-135					135 (8×15)			113.6	28
CRWM 2-150					150 (9×15)			125.6	31
CRWM 2-165					165 (10×15)			137.6	34
CRWM 2-180					180 (11×15)			149.6	37

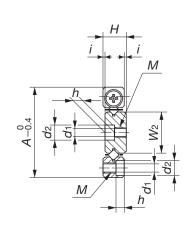
Note(1): This value shows mass per one set of ways (one center way and two side ways) per one meter.
(2): This value shows mass of one roller cage in which ten rollers are incorporated.
(3): This value shows load per one roller.





No	minal di		ns and m	toleran	ces								Basic dynamic load rating	Basic static load rating	Allowable load
	I		l			Mount	ing dim	ensions	;	l		l	Cu(3)	Cou(3)	<i>F</i> ∪(³)
р	е	<i>W</i> 1	W 2	E 1	E 2	М	d1	d2	h	D	Tolerance	t	N	N	N
3	2.25	13.4	7.8	5	10	M2	1.65	3	1.4	2	+0.010	1.7	125	120	39.8
4	2.8	19	11	7.5	15	МЗ	2.55	4.4	2	3	+0.010 0	1.5	293	294	97.9



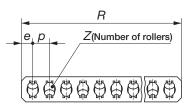


	Mass (Ref.)								
Model number	Way(¹) Roller cage(²)				Boundary dimensions	ı	Dimens	sions of rolle	r cage
		kg/m Roller cage (2)		н	L (n×F)	i	D w	R	Z
CRWM 3- 50					50 (1×25)			42	8
CRWM 3- 75					75 (2×25)			62	12
CRWM 3-100				8.5	100 (3×25)			82	16
CRWM 3-125					125 (4×25)			102	20
CRWM 3-150					150 (5×25)			122	24
CRWM 3-175	1.99	2.96	36		175 (6×25)	0.5	3	142	28
CRWM 3-200					200 (7×25)	-		162	32
CRWM 3-225					225 (8×25)			182	36
CRWM 3-250					250 (9×25)			202	40
CRWM 3-275					275 (10×25)			222	44
CRWM 3-300					300 (11×25)			242	48
CRWM 4- 80					80 (1×40)			73	10
CRWM 4-120					120 (2×40)			101	14
CRWM 4-160					160 (3×40)			136	19
CRWM 4-200					200 (4×40)			164	23
CRWM 4-240					240 (5×40)			199	28
CRWM 4-280	3.28	6.91	44	11.5	280 (6×40)	0.5	4	227	32
CRWM 4-320					320 (7×40)			262	37
CRWM 4-360					360 (8×40)			297	42
CRWM 4-400					400 (9×40)			325	46
CRWM 4-440					440 (10×40)			360	51
CRWM 4-480					480 (11×40)			388	55

Note	11	٠٦	This value	swode a	mass n	er one se	at of wave	(one	center wa	v and ·	two si	de wav	ner	one meter.
140101	. ,		TIIS Value	, 3110 113	mass p	JI 0110 30	it or ways	(0110	CCITICI WA	y ana	LVVO SI	ac way	POI	one meter.

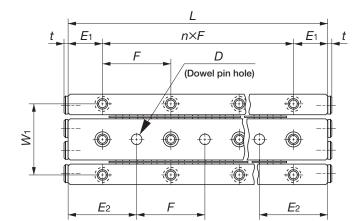
^{(2):} This value shows mass of one roller cage in which ten rollers are incorporated.

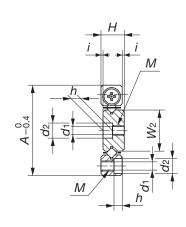
(3): This value shows load per one roller.





Noi	minal di	mensio m	ns and m	toleran	ces								Basic dynamic load rating	Basic static load rating	Allowable load
			l			Moun	iting din	nension	ıs				C∪(³)	Cou(3)	F ∪(³)
p	е	<i>W</i> ₁	W 2	<i>E</i> 1	E 2	М	d1	d ₂	h	D	Tolerance	t	N	N	N
5	3.5	29	16.6	12.5	25	M4	3.3	6	3.1	4	+0.012 0	2	638	609	203
7	5	35	20	20	40	M5	4.3	7.5	4.1	5	+0.012	2	1 230	1 180	392





	Mass								
Model number	Way(1)	Roller cage (²)			Boundary dimensions		Dimens	ions of rolle	r cage
	kg/m	g	Α	Н	L (n×F)	i	<i>D</i> w	R	Z
CRWM 4- 80A					80 (1×40)			73	10
CRWM 4-120A					120 (2×40)			101	14
CRWM 4-160A					160 (3×40)	0.5		136	19
CRWM 4-200A					200 (4×40)		4	164	23
CRWM 4-240A					240 (5×40)			199	28
CRWM 4-280A	3.96	6.91	48	12.5	280 (6×40)			227	32
CRWM 4-320A					320 (7×40)			262	37
CRWM 4-360A					360 (8×40)			297	42
CRWM 4-400A	\				400 (9×40)			325	46
CRWM 4-440A					440 (10×40)			360	51
CRWM 4-480A					480 (11×40)			388	55

Note(1): This value shows mass per one set of ways (one center way and two side ways) per one meter.
(2): This value shows mass of one roller cage in which ten rollers are incorporated.
(3): This value shows load per one roller.

		R
e	р	Z(Number of rollers)
_		
$\left[\left\langle \right\rangle \right]$	96	\$



	Nominal dimensions and tolerances mm														Basic static load rating	Allowable load
	Mounting dimensions											Cu(3)	C ₀ U(³)	<i>F</i> ∪(³)		
	מ	е	<i>W</i> ₁	W 2	<i>E</i> 1	E 2	М	d1	d2	h	D	Tolerance	t	N	N	N
7	7	5	38	22	20	40	M5	4.3	8	4.1	5	+0.012	2	1 230	1 180	392